

Product Name EpiMax 920 Activator

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier Name	EPIMAX TECHNOLOGIES PTY LTD
Address	4/3 Moorebank Avenue, Moorebank, NSW, AUSTRALIA, 2170
Telephone	1300 721 522
Fax	(02) 9904 3207
Emergency	13 11 26
Synonym(s)	920 Activator • 78192024 – PRODUCT CODE
Use(s)	Two pack Non – Yellowing Polyurathane – Activator – PU Floor Finish
SDS Date	20/06/19

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classifications	Flammable Liquid: Category 3
	Acute Toxicity: Dermal: Category 4
	Acute Toxicity: Inhalation: Category 4
	Respiratory Sensitize: Category 1
	Skin sensitization: Category 1
	Specific Target Organ Toxicity: Single Exposure: Category 3 (Narcotic effects)
	Aspiration Hazard: Category 1
	Acute Aquatic Hazard: Category 3
	Chronic Aquatic Hazard: Category 3

Signal Word

DANGER



EpiMax 920 Activator

HAZARD STATEMENTS

Product Name:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful is swallowed
H332	Harmful in inhaled
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting results
AUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking

PREVENTION

STATEMENTS	
P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ intrinsically safe equipment
P242	Use only non-sparking tools
P243	Take precautionary measure against static discharge

RESPONSE STATEMENTS

P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam or normal protein foam for extinction
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present
	and easy to do
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists, get medical attention

STORAGE STATEMENTS

P405	Store locked up
P402+P404	Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container
P403+P235	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool

DISPOSAL STATEMENTS

P501

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with relevant regulations

UN No.	1263	DG CLASS	3	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated
Packing Group	III	Hazchem Code	3Y		

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	CAS NO.	Content
ACRYLIC RESIN, PROPRIETARY	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE	30-60%
NAPHTHA PETROLEUM	NOT AVAILABLE	64742-95-6	10-29%
SOLVENT NAPHTHA PETORLUEM	NOT AVAILABLE	64742-95-5	10-29%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator or an Airline respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Skin	Corrosive. If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.
Special Treatment	Treat symptomatically.
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Special Hazards	Liquid and vapour are flammable. Moderate fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Vapour forms an explosive mixture with air. Combustible. May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, amines, ammonia, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.
Advice for firefighters	Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.
Extinguishing Media	Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways.
Hazchem Code	3Y

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spillage

Contact emergency services where appropriate. Use personal protective equipment. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Remove all ignition sources. Avoid breathing vapours, and contact with skin and eyes. Ventilate area where possible. Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Eliminate all ignition sources. The conductivity of this material may make it a static accumulator., A liquid is typically considered nonconductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m and is considered semi-conductive if its conductivity is below 100 pS/m., Whether a liquid is nonconductive or semi-conductive, the precautions are the same., A number of factors, for example liquid temperature, presence of contaminants, and anti-static additives can greatly influence the conductivity of a liquid. Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable air-vapour

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mixtures can occur. • Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours. • Do NOT cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers.

7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Storage	Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from oxidising agents, alkalis, acids, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure packages are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Store as a Class C1 Combustible Liquid (AS1940).
Precautions for safe handling	Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.
	DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked DO NOT store in pits, depressions, basements or areas where vapours may be trapped. Do NOT cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near container

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTIONS

Exposure Stds	No exposure standard (s) allocated.
Biological Limits	No biological limit allocated.
Engineering Controls	Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended.
PPE	Wear splash-proof goggles, nitrile or viton (R) gloves, coveralls. Respiratory: required. Safety Glasses with side shields. Chemical protective gloves If sanding dry product, wear: a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator. If spraying, with prolonged use, or if in confined areas, wear: impervious coveralls and an Air-line respirator.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	COLOURLESS FLAMMABLE LIQUID	Solubility (water)	IMMISCIBLE
Odour	CHARACTERISTIC AROMATIC ODOUR	Specific Gravity	0.97
рН	NOT AVAILABLE	% Volatiles	< 1 %
Vapour Pressure	NOT AVAILABLE	Flammability	FLAMMABLE
Vapour Density	NOT AVAILABLE	Flash Point	41 °C
Boiling Point	154 °C	Upper Explosion Limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Melting Point	NOT AVAILABLE	Lower Explosion Limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation Rate	NOT AVAILABLE		
Autoignition Temperature	NOT AVAILABLE	Decomposition Temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Partition Coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE	Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	Stable under recommended conditions of storage.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
Material to avoid	Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg hypochlorites), acids (eg. nitric acid), alkalis (eg.
	hydroxides), heat and ignition sources.
Hazardous	May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, amines, ammonia, hydrocarbons) when
Decomposition	heated to decomposition.
Products	
Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization is not expected to occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health hazard summary	Flammable. This product has the potential to cause adverse health effects. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Potential sensitising agent. Individuals with pre-existing respiratory impairment (eg asthmatics) or skin sensitivities may be more susceptible to adverse health effects.
Еуе	Causes burns. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness, corneal burns and possible permanent damage.
Inhalation	Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, fumes), generated by the material during the course of normal handling, may be harmful. The material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such irritation can cause further lung damage. Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. This may be accompanied by sleepiness, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of co-ordination, and vertigo. Inhaling high concentrations of mixed hydrocarbons can cause narcosis, with nausea, vomiting and lightheadedness. Low molecular weight (C2-C12) hydrocarbons can irritate mucous membranes and cause uncoordination, giddiness, nausea, vertigo, confusion, headache, appetite loss, drowsiness, tremors and stupor.
Skin	This material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons. The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Repeated exposure may cause skin cracking, flaking or drying following normal handling and use. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should

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not be exposed to this material Aromatic hydrocarbons may produce sensitivity and redness of the skin. They are not likely to be absorbed into the body through the skin but branched species are more likely to.

IngestionCorrosive. Ingestion may result in burns to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting, ulceration
of the gastrointestinal tract, breathing difficulties, circulatory collapse and coma.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Other adverse effectsLimited ecotoxicity data was available for this product at the time this report was prepared.Ensure appropriate measures are taken to prevent this product from entering the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposalMix parts A + B together (small amounts), absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose
of to an approved landfill site. Ensure protective equipment is worn when mixing. Do not seal
containers/tins until reaction is complete. Contact the manufacturer for additional information.
Prevent contamination of drains or waterways as environmental damage may result. DO NOT
allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.

Legislation

Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION



CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

Shipping Name	PAINT				
UN No.	1263	DG CLASS	3	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated
Packing Group		Hazchem Code	3Y	GTEPG	8A1

Shipping Name	PAINT				
UN No.	1263	DG CLASS	3	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated
Packing Group	III				

IMDG

Shipping Name	PAINT				
UN No.	1263	DG CLASS	3	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated
Packing Group	111				
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION					

Poison Schedule

Classified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Poison using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).

AICS

All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information This product is used in conjunction with EpiMax 920 Base.

WELDING - SANDING - CUTTING DRIED OR CURED PRODUCT: If sanding, cutting or welding dried or cured product, adverse health effects may be avoided by the use of appropriate engineering controls and/or personal protective equipment. If welding, wear a Class P2 (Metal fume) respirator and depending on the nature of the surface being welded, additional protection (eg. for organic vapours/acid gas) may also be required. A Class P1 (Particulate) respirator is recommended if dust is generated.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

ABBREVIATIONS: ACGIH - American Conference of Industrial Hygienists. ADG - Australian Dangerous Goods. BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s). CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds. CNS - Central Nervous System. EC No - European Community Number. HSNO - Hazardous Substances and New Organisms. IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer. mg/m³ - Milligrams per Cubic Metre. NOS - Not Otherwise Specified. pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). PPM - Parts Per Million. RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances. STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit. SWA - Safe Work Australia. TWA - Time Weighted Average.



Product Name EpiMax 920 Base

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Supplier Name	EPIMAX TECHNOLOGIES PTY LTD
Address	4/3 Moorebank Avenue, Moorebank, NSW, AUSTRALIA, 2170
Telephone	1300 721 522
Fax	(02) 9904 3207
Emergency	13 11 26
Synonym(s)	920 Base • 78192014 – PRODUCT CODE
Use(s)	Two pack Non – Yellowing Polyurathane - base
SDS Date	20/06/19

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classifications	Flammable Liquid: Category 3
	Acute Toxicity: Oral: Category 4
	Acute Toxicity: Inhalation: Category 4
	Skin corrosion/ irritation: Category 2
	Eye Irritation: Category 2A
	Specific Target Organ Toxicity: Single Exposure: Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation)
	Specific Target Organ Toxicity: Single Exposure: Category 3 (Narcotic effects)
	Acute Aquatic Hazard: Category 2
	Chronic Aquatic Hazard: Category 2

Signal Word

DANGER



Product Name: EpiMax 920 Base

Froduct Name.	
HAZARD STATEMENTS	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking

PREVENTION

STATEMENTS	
P210	Keep away form heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces – NO SMOKING
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/lighting/intrinsically safe equipment
P242	Use only non-sparking tools
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge

RESPONSE STATEMENTS

P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
P370+p378	In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam or noaml protein foam for extinction
P305+P351+p338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice

STORAGE STATEMENTS

P405	Store locked up
P402+P404	Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container
P403+P235	Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool

DISPOSAL STATEMENTS

P501

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with relevant regulations

UN No.	1263	DG CLASS	3	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated
Packing Group	III	Hazchem Code	3Y		

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	CAS NO.	Content
ACRYLIC RESIN, PROPRIETARY	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE	30-60%
NAPHATHA PETROLEUM	NOT AVAILABLE	64742-95-6	10-29%
SOLVENT NAPHATAHA PETROLEUM	NOT AVAILABLE	64742-94-5	10-29%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator or an Airline respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Skin	Corrosive. If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.
Special Treatment	Treat symptomatically.
First Aid Facilities	Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Special Hazards	Combustible. May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, amines, ammonia, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.
Advice for firefighters	Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.
Extinguishing Media	Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways.
Hazchem Code	ЗҮ

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SpillageContact emergency services where appropriate. Use personal protective equipment. Clear area
of all unprotected personnel. Remove all ignition sources. Avoid breathing vapours, and
contact with skin and eyes. Ventilate area where possible. Contain spillage, then cover / absorb
spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place
in suitable containers for disposal. Eliminate all ignition sources.

7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from oxidising agents, alkalis, acids, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure packages are adequately labelled, protected from

Product Name: EpiMax 920 Base

physical damage and sealed when not in use. Store as a Class C1 Combustible Liquid (AS1940).

Precautions for safeBefore use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended tohandlingavoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing
hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin DO NOT enter confined spaces until atmosphere has been checked DO NOT store in pits, depressions, basements or areas where vapours may be trapped. Do NOT cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near container

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTIONS

- Exposure Stds No exposure standard (s) allocated.
- Biological Limits No biological limit allocated.

Engineering Controls Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended.

PPEWear splash-proof goggles, nitrile or viton (R) gloves, coveralls. Respiratory: required. Safety
Glasses with side shields. Chemical protective gloves If sanding dry product, wear: a Class P1
(Particulate) respirator. If spraying, with prolonged use, or if in confined areas, wear:
impervious coveralls and an Air-line respirator.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	COLOURLESS FLAMMABLE LIQUID	Solubility (water)	IMMISCIBLE
Odour	CHARACTERISTIC AROMATIC ODOUR	Specific Gravity	0.97
рН	NOT AVAILABLE	% Volatiles	< 1 %
Vapour Pressure	NOT AVAILABLE	Flammability	FLAMMABLE
Vapour Density	NOT AVAILABLE	Flash Point	41 °C
Boiling Point	154 °C	Upper Explosion Limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Melting Point	NOT AVAILABLE	Lower Explosion Limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation Rate	NOT AVAILABLE		
Autoignition Temperature	NOT AVAILABLE	Decomposition Temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Partition Coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE	Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	Stable under recommended conditions of storage.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
Material to avoid	Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg hypochlorites), acids (eg. nitric acid), alkalis (eg.
	hydroxides), heat and ignition sources.
Hazardous	May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, amines, ammonia, hydrocarbons) when
Decomposition	heated to decomposition.
Products	
Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization is not expected to occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health hazard summary	Flammable. This product has the potential to cause adverse health effects. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Potential sensitising agent. Individuals with pre-existing respiratory impairment (eg asthmatics) or skin sensitivities may be more susceptible to adverse health effects.
Еуе	Causes burns. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness, corneal burns and possible permanent damage.
Inhalation	Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, fumes), generated by the material during the course of normal handling, may be harmful. The material can cause respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such irritation can cause further lung damage. Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. This may be accompanied by sleepiness, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of co-ordination, and vertigo. Inhaling high concentrations of mixed hydrocarbons can cause narcosis, with nausea, vomiting and lightheadedness. Low molecular weight (C2-C12) hydrocarbons can irritate mucous membranes and cause uncoordination, giddiness, nausea, vertigo, confusion, headache, appetite loss, drowsiness, tremors and stupor.
Skin	This material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons. The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Repeated exposure may cause skin cracking, flaking or drying following normal handling and use. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Aromatic hydrocarbons may produce sensitivity and redness of the skin. They are not likely to be absorbed into the body through the skin but branched species are more likely to.
Ingestion	Corrosive. Ingestion may result in burns to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting, ulceration of the gastrointestinal tract, breathing difficulties, circulatory collapse and coma.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Other adverse effectsLimited ecotoxicity data was available for this product at the time this report was prepared.Ensure appropriate measures are taken to prevent this product from entering the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal	Mix parts A + B together (small amounts), absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose			
	of to an approved landfill site. Ensure protective equipment is worn when mixing. Do not seal			
	containers/tins until reaction is complete. Contact the manufacturer for additional informati			
	Prevent contamination of drains or waterways as environmental damage may result. DO NOT			
	allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.			

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION



CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

Shipping Name	PAINT				
UN No.	1263DG CLASS3Subsidiary Risk(s)None Allocated				
Packing Group	III	Hazchem Code	3Y	GTEPG	8A1

IATA

Shipping Name	PAINT				
UN No.	1263	DG CLASS	3	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated
Packing Group	III				

IMDG

Shipping Name	PAINT				
UN No.	1263	DG CLASS	3	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated
Packing Group					
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION					

Poison ScheduleClassified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Poison using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform
Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).

AICS All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information This product is used in conjunction with EpiMax 920 Base.

WELDING - SANDING - CUTTING DRIED OR CURED PRODUCT: If sanding, cutting or welding dried or cured product, adverse health effects may be avoided by the use of appropriate engineering controls and/or personal protective equipment. If welding, wear a Class P2 (Metal fume) respirator and depending on the nature of the surface being welded, additional protection (eg. for organic vapours/acid gas) may also be required. A Class P1 (Particulate) respirator is recommended if dust is generated.

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EpiMax 920 Base

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

ABBREVIATIONS:

ACGIH - American Conference of Industrial Hygienists.

ADG - Australian Dangerous Goods.

BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s).

CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.

CNS - Central Nervous System.

EC No - European Community Number.

HSNO - Hazardous Substances and New Organisms.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.

mg/m³ - Milligrams per Cubic Metre.

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified.

pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). PPM - Parts Per Million.

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit.

SWA - Safe Work Australia.

TWA - Time Weighted Average.